Dr. Marques Sophie Office 519 Number theory

Fall Semester 2013 marques@cims.nyu.edu

## Problem Set #10

**Exercise 1:** (\*) 4 points Show that if  $p \ge 7$  is an odd prime, then

$$\left(\frac{n}{p}\right) = \left(\frac{n+1}{p}\right)$$

for at least one of n = 2, 4, 5, or 8.

**Exercise 2:** (\*) 4 points The prime p for which  $x^2 \equiv 13 \mod p$  has solutions.

**Exercise 3:**  $(\star\star)$  4 points Compute the continued fraction expansions of 53/18 and 115/53.

**Exercise 4:**  $(\star \star \star)$  4 points If  $x = [a_0, ..., a_n, b]$  and  $y = [a_0, ..., a_n, c]$  with b < c, then x < y if n is odd and x > y is n is even.

**Exercise 5:**  $(\star \star \star)$  4 points

Compute the continued fraction expansion of  $\sqrt{17}$  and  $\sqrt{19}$  (stop when you find the period), use this to find their first five convergents.

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 $<sup>^{1}(\</sup>star)$  = easy ,  $(\star\star)$  = medium,  $(\star\star\star)$  = challenge